

**Community Safety Partnership
Partnership Management Group Meeting
15th January 2007**

Anti-social Behaviour Delivery Group

Strategic Objective – Tackling anti-social behaviour

Target – Reduce fear of being a victim of anti social behaviour by 10% throughout the population as measured by annual surveys.

Target - to reduce reported anti social behaviour by 10% per thousand population

Target – To reduce deliberate fire setting by 10% per thousand population.

Chair – Brian Sandom (MKC)

Vice Chair - Peter Jones (Bucks Fire)

Summary of Agreed Action Plan

As detailed in the Community Safety Strategy, we will seek to achieve the above targets through a range of proposed actions including working with young people through education and the Safety Centre. Improved consultation with communities to identify local priorities will be achieved through the development of locality based Neighbourhood Policing schemes. We will further develop the effectiveness of the ascending range of resolutions to anti-social behaviour utilised by the Anti Social Behaviour Working Group culminating in the formal proceedings of which the anti social behaviour order is one option.

Proactive measures to prevent, deter and prosecute individuals committing acts of graffiti, vandalism, litter and fly-tipping will continue to be developed. The issue of deliberate fire setting will be addressed using Fire Service data to identify localities most at risk, and develop solutions to these problems.

Completed by:	Brian Sandom	☎:	
Report for meeting Date	15 th January 2007		

<i>Provide summary of best achievements and most challenging barriers to progress.</i>	
Achievement 1	Increased capacity of ASB team in SCU now established. Consists of one police secondee, one fire service secondee, and an administrative support officer.
Achievement 2	ASB training programme now fully rolling and sessions fully booked.

Achievement 3	JATAC now fully established and running effectively. This brings together a range of agencies to tackle lower level crime and ASB issues fast time. Complements the police TTCG
Achievement 4	A manual system for comparison of Flare, Police and Fire service data is now being established to enable identification of priority locations for ASB.
Achievement 5	The 2006 Fear of Crime survey has indicated a reduction of 3% in levels of concern of ASB against the 2005 baseline year. The target is 10 % reduction.
Achievement 6	A reduction in deliberate fire settings of 40% compared to the baseline year.
Barrier 1	Critical staffing shortage in The Community Safety Team is a major barrier to helping to continue development of the ASB Delivery Group.
Barrier 2	Lack of an automated database to capture and measure performance. Work in progress on this.
Barrier 3	There is a significant lack of a data analysis capacity across all Delivery groups.

(Additional achievements/barriers may be added if necessary)

<i>Provide summary of progress towards agreed actions.</i>			
ACTIONS	LOCAL TARGET	STATUS¹	SUMMARY OF (i) PROGRESS TO DATE, AND (ii) PLANS FOR NEXT 2 MONTHS.
Fear of Crime Survey 2006	Reduce Fear of being a victim of ASB by 10% throughout the population of Milton Keynes as measured by annual surveys by March 2008.	Green	The 2005 survey has shown that 74% of respondents were concerned about ASB in their locality. This was to be used as the base line from which to measure subsequent activity. The result of the 2006 survey shows that 71% of the public are concerned about ASB. (P21 of survey) This equates to a 3% reduction in fear across all categories of ASB. Having said this, within the ASB categories, the current top concerns remain speeding vehicles, groups of people hanging around and parking problems, Although at a lower level, there has been an increase in concern over environment related ASB such as litter, rubbish and fly tipping.
Develop practical database	Reduce reported anti social behaviour by 10% per 1000 population by March 2008	Amber	The Flare database is now accepting data, and is being re-formatted to display ASB data by police beat code areas. This will allow comparison between police crime data and Fire service arson/fire setting data to identify priority localities. Since no previous baseline existed, a sample baseline needs to be established to compare with the end of the strategy.
Continue to support the development of multi-agency Neighbourhood		Amber	Reducing both ASB and the fear of crime and ASB will be aided by Multi-agency work. This involvement permits more co-ordinated use of resources to achieve improvements. The

¹ Status should be indicated as follows:

- Red - Overall target is unlikely to be achieved
- Amber - Overall target is in some danger, requires remedial action
- Green - Overall target is on course to be achieved

Action Groups across Milton Keynes.			merging of the Neighbourhood policing and LMCS will aid in the delivery of ASB targets, and continued roll out of neighbourhoods will continue to be supported. (Now re-named safer neighbourhoods) Intelligence sharing between delivery groups to facilitate identification of local priorities
Support reduction in BCS crime categories of Criminal damage and vehicle crime	Reduce BCS crime	Green	Through both the JATAC and PCG process, the targeted use of multi-agency resources such as the Safer Communities Unit, Trading Standards and other departments Also developing an Action Plan for other appropriate BCS/ASB elements other than the top three categories.
Base-line data to be collated	Reduce deliberate fire setting by 10% per 1000 population by March 2008	Green	Latest figures show a 40% reduction in deliberate fire-setting compared to the baseline year.(The period Apr-Dec 773 against a baseline of 1278 for the same period) The successful Fire Service led Bletchley Fireworks initiative has undoubtedly contributed to this.

Specific actions/initiatives identified to date.

The 2006 fear of crime survey shows that the level of fear of anti-social behaviour has reduced by 3 per cent since the 2005 base line survey, the target being a 10 per cent reduction by the end of the strategy. It is always difficult to specify specific actions that may have contributed to this change, however in the last year there has been effective coverage of high profile cases of ASB.

The top three areas of ASB concern remain speeding, parking and groups of people hanging around.

ASB data is now being captured on the 'Flare' system, and is in the process of being updated to map by Police beat code areas. This will permit effective manual comparison between ASB data and crime data on areas. Bucks Fire data will also be overlaid to identify areas of commonality and priority.

The JATAC process established in mid 2006 is now fully running and producing some notable partner based initiatives and results. Bidding and evaluation forms currently used for requests for financial resources are producing essential data surrounding the individual initiatives that can inform the effectiveness of the JATAC process. The intention will be to extend the use of such a form to provide evaluation of all initiatives run through JATAC whether applying for financial or other resources.

The ASB training programme is now fully established with bookings well into 2007. In order to cope with demand, further dates and venues are being established. A mechanism to determine the impact of this training on delivery

of ASB solutions needs to be developed to assess the value of ongoing training for agencies.

Action Planning to address other BCS crime elements that relate to ASB is underway, as well as developing evaluation mechanisms for what is already being addressed.